The following is an overview of software for the CMS-RXHCC riskadjustment model. The software includes a SAS program - R0313J1P that calls several SAS Macros to create RXHCC score variables using coefficients from the following regression models:

- 1) Community, Non-Low Income, Aged, Continuing Enrollee
- 2) Community, Non-Low Income, Non-Aged,<sup>1</sup> Continuing Enrollee
- 3) Community, Low Income, Aged, Continuing Enrollee
- 4) Community, Low Income, Non-Aged, Continuing Enrollee
- 5) Institutional Continuing Enrollee
- 6) Community, Non-Low Income, New Enrollee
- 7) Community, Low Income, New Enrollee
- 8) Institutional New Enrollee

Software description

The software consists of a main program R0313J1P that supplies user parameters to the main SAS Macro program R0313J1M. This macro program reads in two input files and assigns RXHCCs for each person. First, the program crosswalks diagnoses to Condition Categories (RXCCs) using SAS formats which were previously stored in the FORMAT library. Then the program creates Drug Hierarchical Condition Categories (RXHCCs) by imposing hierarchies on the RXCCs. For persons without claims, zeros are assigned to all RXHCCs. A person may be assigned none, one, or more than one RXHCCs.

After RXHCCs are created, the program computes predicted scores from 8 regression models.

The main macro R0313J1M uses 6 external SAS Macro programs:

- %AGESEXV4 create age/sex, originally disabled and non-aged variables
- %R03EDIT1 perform edits to diagnosis
- %R02X78M2 assign one ICD9 code to multiple RXCCs
- %R02X78L1 assign labels to RXHCCs
- %R02X78H1 set RXHCC=0 according to hierarchies
- %SCOREVAR calculate a score variable

The main program, main macro and 6 external macros have a .txt extension to make the files easier to view. Please rename them to have .sas extension before running the software.

Steps performed by the software:

step1: include external macros
step2: define internal macro variables
step3: merge person and diagnosis files outputting one
record per person for each input person level record
step3.1: declaration section
step3.2: bring in regression coefficients
step3.3: merge person and diagnosis files
step3.4: for the first record for a person set RXCCs to 0
and create person's age
step3.5: if there are any diagnoses for a person
then do the following:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The term "non-aged" is used for those younger than 65 because this group includes beneficiaries eligible for Medicare because of end-stage renal disease as well as those eligible because of disability.

- create RXCCs using format specified in FMNAME (please see the **Files supplied by the software** section below for details on format library and formats specific to this version of software)

perform ICD9 edits if wanted using macro R03EDIT1
create additional RXCCs using R02X78M2 macro step3.6: for the last record for a person do the following:

- create demographic variables needed for score calculation (macro AGESEXV4)
- create RXHCC using hierarchies (macro R02X78H1)
- create RXHCC by non-aged interaction variables
- set RXHCCs and interaction vars to zero if there are no diagnoses for a person
- create scores for 5 continuing enrollee models
- create scores for 3 new enrollee models
- step4: data checks and proc contents

**PART 1.** Files supplied by the software.

The following SAS programs and files are included in this software:

- **R0313J1P** main program that has all the parameters supplied by a user (see below for parameter and variable list). It calls main macro R0313J1M
- **R0313J1M** main macro that creates RXHCC and SCORE variables by calling other external macros
- AGESEXV4 creates age/sex, originally disabled and non-aged variables
- **R03EDIT1** performs edits to ICD9 code if wanted. Medicare Code Editor (MCE) is source of edits.
- **R02X78M2** assigns ICD9 diagnosis code to multiple RXCCs where required
- **R02X78L1** assigns labels to RXHCCs
- R02X78H1 sets RXHCC=0 according to hierarchies
- SCOREVAR calculates a score variable
- F0313R1R.TXT a txt version of the format that has a cross-walk from ICD9 codes to RXCC categories (use for reference only). This format contains ICD9 codes valid in FY2012 or FY2013.
- F0313R1R.TRN format library containing all the formats for the software. Format names should be specified as main macro parameters in main program as follows:
   IO3131Y12Y13RX version V03 cross-walk from ICD9 codes to RXCC categories that are transformed to RXHCC categories by the software -- contains ICD9 codes valid in FY2012 or FY2013. Format name should be specified in macro parameter FMNAME.

   AGEY12Y13MCE format to crosswalk ICD9 to acceptable age range in case edits on ICD9 are to be performed. Format name should be specified in macro parameter AGEFMT.
   SEXY12Y13MCE format to crosswalk ICD9 to acceptable sex in case edits on ICD9 are to be performed. Format name should be specified in macro parameter AGEFMT.
- R0312J3R.TRN relative coefficients for 8 regression models, created on CY2008/2009 data using the CMS denominator 1152.85

(11/30/2011). The models were modified to reflect the reductions in beneficiary cost sharing in the coverage gap that will be in place in 2013, 21% to plan liability for non-applicable (generic) drugs and 2.5% to plan liability for applicable (brand) drugs in the coverage gap.

The last 2 files are SAS transport files and have the extension .trn. These transport files are special SAS files that may be used on any platform running SAS after uploading and converting using PROC CIMPORT. The user should use the following program to convert them.

Code for converting coefficients transport file to SAS file: filename inc "C:\user defined location of the transport file\R0312J3R.TRN"; libname incoef "C:\user defined location of the sas coefficients file"; proc cimport data=incoef.rxcoeff infile=inc; run;

Code for converting formats transport file to SAS file: filename inf "C:\user defined location of the transport file\F0313R1R.TRN"; libname library "C:\user defined location of the sas formats file"; proc cimport library=library infile=inf; run;

If you are operating in an MVS - z/OS environment, the transport files should be uploaded using the following parameters: RECFM(F or FB) LRECL(80) BLKSIZE(8000)

## **PART 2.** Files supplied by a user.

Two SAS input files needed for the software must be presorted in ascending order by the person ID variable

- 1) **PERSON** file--a person-level file of demographic and enrollment information
- 2) **DIAG** file--a diagnosis-level input file of diagnoses

Data requirements for the SAS input files. The variable names listed are required by the programs as written:

## 1) **PERSON** file

- HICNO (or other person identification variable. It must be set in the macro variable IDVAR)

   -character or numeric type and unique to an individual
- SEX -one character, 1=male; 2=female

DOB
 -SAS date format, date of birth
 OREC
 -one character, original reason for entitlement with the
 following values:
 0 - OLD AGE (OASI)
 1 - DISABILITY (DIB)
 2 - ESRD
 3 - BOTH DIB AND ESRD
 ESRD

-numeric, end stage renal disease indicator with the following values:

0 - no ESRD
1 - if person is in any of the following statuses:
ESRD dialysis, transplant, post graft.

ESRD variable is needed for New Enrollee models. If missing, the New Enrollee scores for the beneficiary will be missing. Set to 0 if not known to get the non-ESRD score, the most common situation.

- DIAG file--a diagnosis file with at least one record per personspecific diagnosis.
  - HICNO (or other person identification variable that must be the same as in PERSON file)
     person identifier of character or numeric type and unique to an individual
  - DIAG

-ICD-9-CM diagnosis code, 5 character field, no periods, left justified. The user may include all diagnoses or limit the codes to those used by the model. Codes should be to the greatest level of available specificity. Diagnoses should be included **only** from providers and physician specialties allowable for risk adjustment reporting (as specified in CMS notices).

Part 3. Parameters supplied by a user:

The user must supply the following in the R0313J1P program:

- INP SAS input person dataset name
- IND SAS input diagnosis dataset name
- OUTDATA SAS output dataset name
- **IDVAR** variable name for Beneficiary ID (HICNO for Medicare data)
- **KEEPVAR** variables kept in the output dataset. There is a list of KEEP variables in the program, but the user can alter the list.
- **SEDITS** a switch that controls whether to perform edits on ICD9 1-YES, 0-NO
- **DATE\_ASOF-** reference date to calculate age. Set to February 1 of the payment year for consistency with CMS.
- FMNAME format name (crosswalk ICD9 to 78 V03 RxCC). For this version of the software it is **I03131Y12Y13RX**.

- AGEFMT format name (crosswalk ICD9 to acceptable age range in case edits on ICD9 are to be performed). For this version of the software it is AGEY12Y13MCE.
- **SEXFMT** format name (crosswalk ICD9 to acceptable sex in case edits on ICD9 are to be performed). For this version of the software it is **SEXY12Y13MCE**.

Part 4. Variables outputted by the software. The software outputs a person level file. Any variables that the user wants to keep in it should be specified in the main program R0313J1P in KEEPVAR parameter of macro R0313J1M call. The following variables can be specified:

- 1) Any person level variables from the original person level file
- Demographic variables created by the software: AGEF ORIGDS NONAGED

F0\_34 F35\_44 F45\_54 F55\_59 F60\_64 F65\_69
F70\_74 F75\_79 F80\_84 F85\_89 F90\_94 F95\_GT
M0\_34 M35\_44 M45\_54 M55\_59 M60\_64 M65\_69
M70\_74 M75\_79 M80\_84 M85\_89 M90\_94 M95\_GT
(these are age/sex variables for continuing enrollees defined in the
main program R0313J1P by the macro variable &AGESEXVARS)

NEF0\_34 NEF35\_44 NEF45\_54 NEF55\_59 NEF60\_64 NEF65 NEF66 NEF67 NEF68 NEF69 NEF70\_74 NEF75\_79 NEF80\_84 NEF85\_89 NEF90\_94 NEF95\_GT NEM0\_34 NEM35\_44 NEM45\_54 NEM55\_59 NEM60\_64 NEM65 NEM66 NEM67 NEM68 NEM69 NEM70\_74 NEM75\_79 NEM80\_84 NEM85\_89 NEM90\_94 NEM95\_GT (these are age/sex variables for new enrollees defined in the main program R0313J1P by the macro variable &NEAGESEXVARS)

- 3) RXHCC's defined in the main program R0313J1P by the macro variable &RXHCCV3 list78
- 4) RXCC's (condition categories assigned before hierarchies are applied) defined in the main program R0313J1P by the macro variable &RXCCV3 list78
- 5) Score variables: SCORE\_CE\_NonLowInc\_Aged SCORE\_CE\_LowInc\_NonAged SCORE\_CE\_LowInc\_NonAged SCORE\_CE\_LowInc\_NonAged SCORE\_CE\_Institutional SCORE\_NE\_NonLowInc\_Community SCORE\_NE\_LowInc\_Community SCORE\_NE\_Institutional

The user should determine which of the scores is appropriate for the beneficiary depending upon the status of that beneficiary.